

National Curriculum overview for P.E. (Layer 1)

Reception	Statutory Framework for EYFS 2021 -Early Learning Goals	Statutory Framework for EYFS 2021 -Characteristics of effective learning	Development Matters 2021
	 Gross Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will: Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others; Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing; Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. Fine Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will: Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases; Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery; Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing. 	 Playing and Exploring Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects. Make independent choices. Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention. <u>Active learning</u> Show goal-directed behaviour. Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. Keep on trying when things are difficult <u>Creating and thinking critically</u> Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. 	Physical Development Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: • Rolling • Crawling • Walking • Jumping • Running • Hopping • Skipping • climbing Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Develop the overall body strength, coordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. • Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.



	•	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a
		good posture when sitting at a table or sitting
		on the floor.
	•	Combine different movements with ease
		and fluency.
	•	Confidently and safely use a range of large
		and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone
		and in a group.
	•	Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-
		ordination and agility.
	•	Further develop and refine a range of ball
		skills including: throwing, catching, kicking,
		passing, batting, and aiming.
	•	Develop confidence, competence, precision
		and accuracy when engaging in activities that
		involve a ball.

Key Stage 1	 Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to: master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending perform dances using simple movement patterns. 	
Key Stage 2	 Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination 	



• play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending
• develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]
• perform dances using a range of movement patterns
• take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team
• compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.
Swimming and water safety
All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2. In particular, pupils should be taught to:
• swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres
• use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]
• perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.